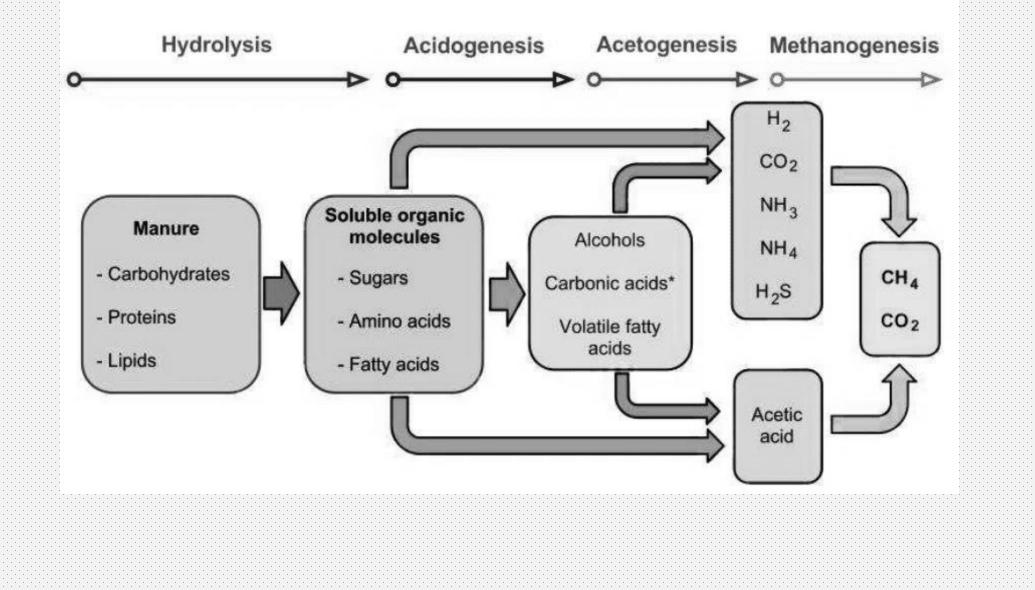
# **Technologies for Biogas Upgrading**

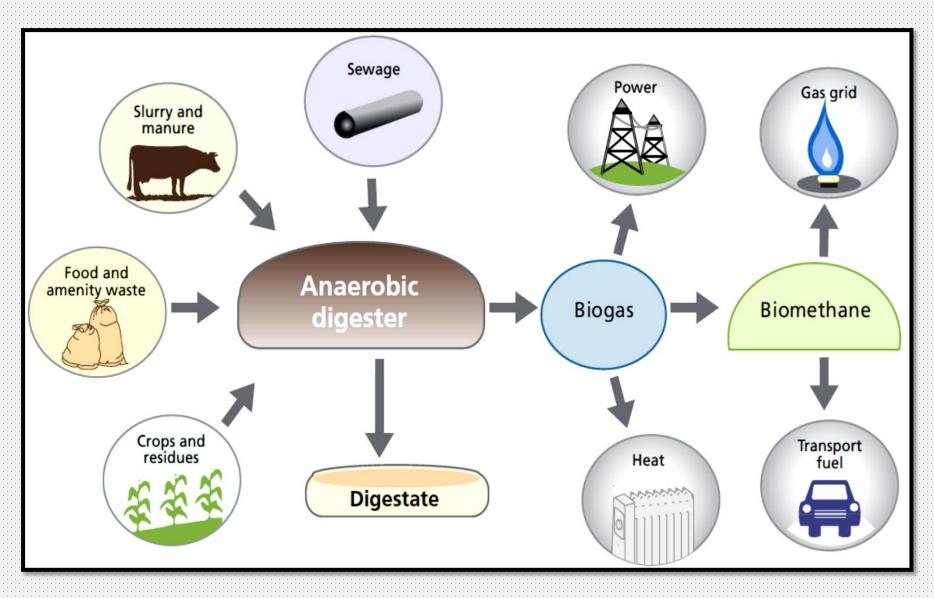


Dr, Rimika Kapoor PDF, Centre for Rural Development & Technology, IIT, Delhi

# What is biogas?



## **Biogas Production & Utilization**



(Source: OFGEM, 2011)

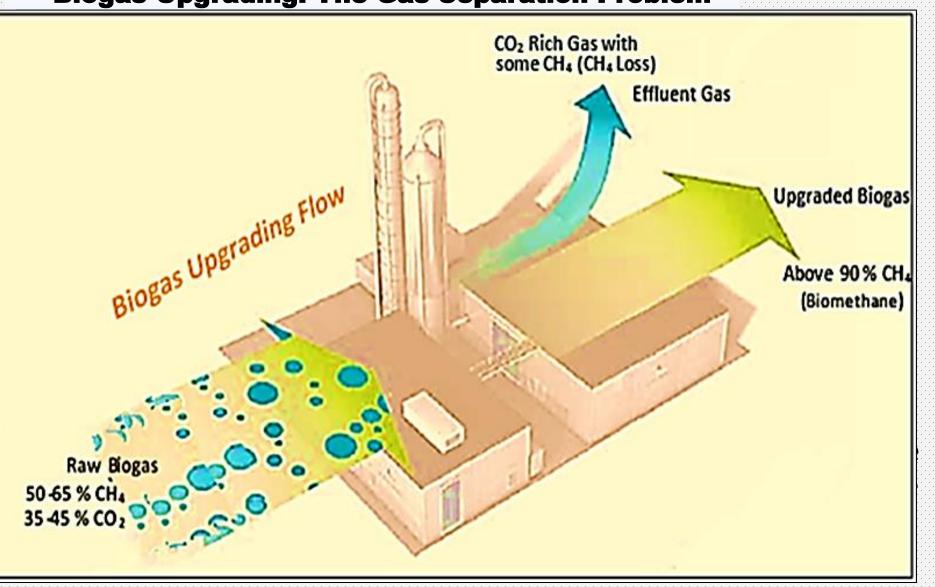
# Upgraded & Bottled Biogas as a Replacement of Existing Petroleum Fuels for Mobility Applications

#### **Biogas as an Alternate to Natural Gas!**

Properties	Natural Gas	Raw Biogas	Upgraded Biogas(CBG/Biomethane)
Composition% (v/v)	$CH_4 - 89.14\%$	$CH_4 - 50-65\%$	CH <sub>4</sub> <i>Min</i> - 90%
	CO <sub>2</sub> – 4.38%	CO <sub>2</sub> -35-45%	$CO_2 Max (v/v) - 4\%$
	$ H_2 - 0.01\%$ $ N_2 - 1-25\%$ $ CO_2 + N_2 + O_2 $	$CO_2 + N_2 + O_2 Max (v/v) - 10\%$	
	$N_2 - 0.11\%$	$O_2 - 0.1 - 5\%$	$O_2 Max (v/v) - 0.5 \%$
	$C_2H_6 - 4.05\%$	$H_2S - 10-3000 \text{ ppm}$	$H_2S mg/m^3 Max - 30.3$
	$C_{3}H_{8} - 0.83\%$		Moisture mg/m <sup>3</sup> Max -16
	$Iso-C_4H_{10} - 0.28\%$		_
	Neo- $C_4H_{10} - 0.66\%$		
	$Iso-C_5H_{12} - 0.09\%$		
	Neo- $C_5H_{12} - 0.28\%$		
	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub> -0.17%		
Lower Heating Value	44.39 MJ/kg	20.5 MJ/kg	42.62 MJ/kg
Relative Density	0.765	1.014	0.714
Flame speed (cm/sec)	34	25	_
Stoichiometric A/F	17.03	17.16	17.16
(kg of Air/ kg of Fuel)			
Auto-ignition	540	650	_
Temperature ( <sup>0</sup> C)			



#### **Biogas Upgrading: The Gas Separation Problem**



Cleaned/Upgraded Biogas

# Utilization of Upgraded Biogas



First Biomethane bus in India



Biomethane Bus in Sweden



Biogas car in Sweden

**Biogas Train in Sweden** 

#### Upgraded & Bottled Biogas for Cooking and Vehicular Applications



Cascades of Upgraded biogas being transported



**Biogas Motorcycle in Thailand** 



**Biogas Car in India** 





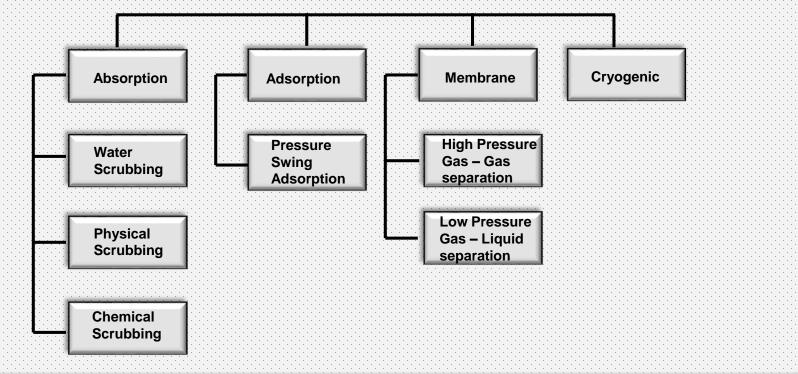
Upgraded and bottled biogas for use as a cooking fuel



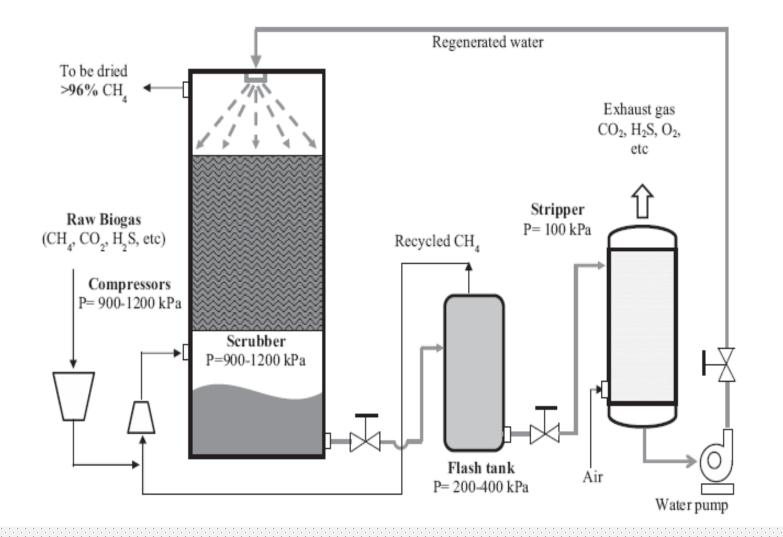
biomethane Bottled used for power generation

http://www.pluginindia.com/advantagesusesofbiogas.html

#### **Techniques for Biogas Cleaning/Upgrading**



- Decide for suitable technology primarily NOT by investment costs
- Select suitable technology according to:
  - Upgrading capacity
  - CH4 recovery
  - Turn down ratio
  - Shut down / start up performance and ease of operation
  - Product quality required
  - Chemicals and energy consumption



• Simple process

•

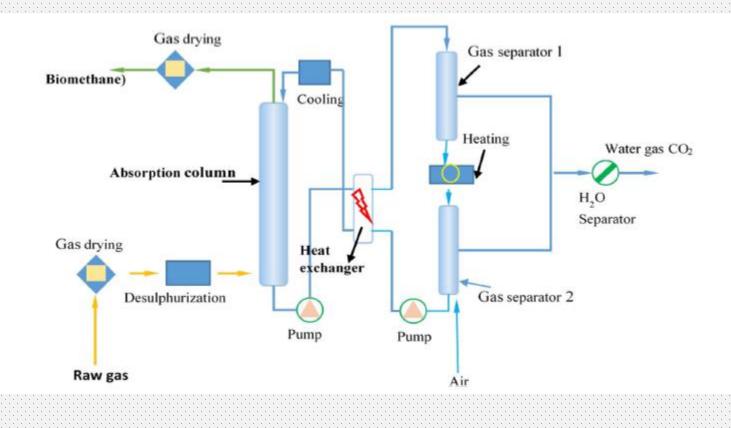
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 Based on high solubility of CO2 and H2S in water

H2S pre-removal is not mandatory

- Can tolerate 300–2500 ppmv
- Low investment and operational cost
- Low methane slip
- High energy efficiency >96%
- Best in Medium and Large Applications
- Proven technology
- Robust system
- Regeneration is simple with depressurisation of water
- Water is recycled

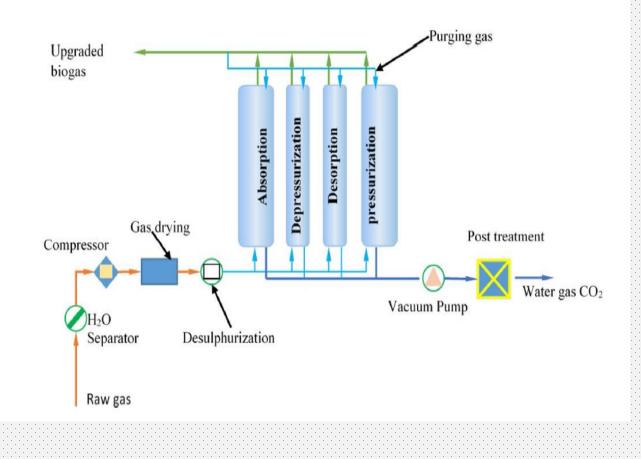
Water Scrubbing Process for Biogas Upgradation



• Chemical absorption of CO2 into chemicals

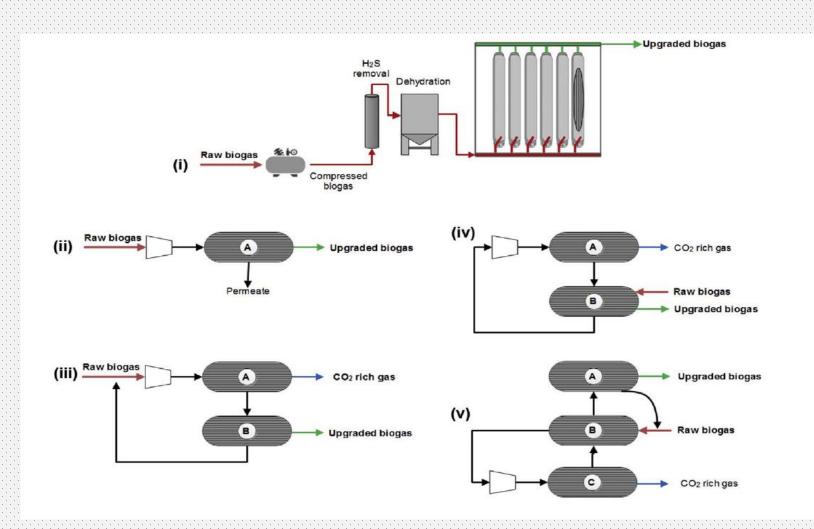
- MEA/DMEA
- High selectivity for CO2
- Low methane loss
- Regeneration by heating spent chemical at high temperatures
- H2S pre-removal is mandatory
  - Otherwise H2S will also be absorbed in the solvent leading to higher heating requirements for regeneration

Chemical Scrubbing Process for Biogas Upgradation



Adsorption on activated carbon or zeolite under pressure
Adsorbent is regenerated by sequential decrease in pressure
Pre-removal of H2S is mandatory
Low biomethane recovery

Pressure Swing Adsorption Process for Biogas Upgradation

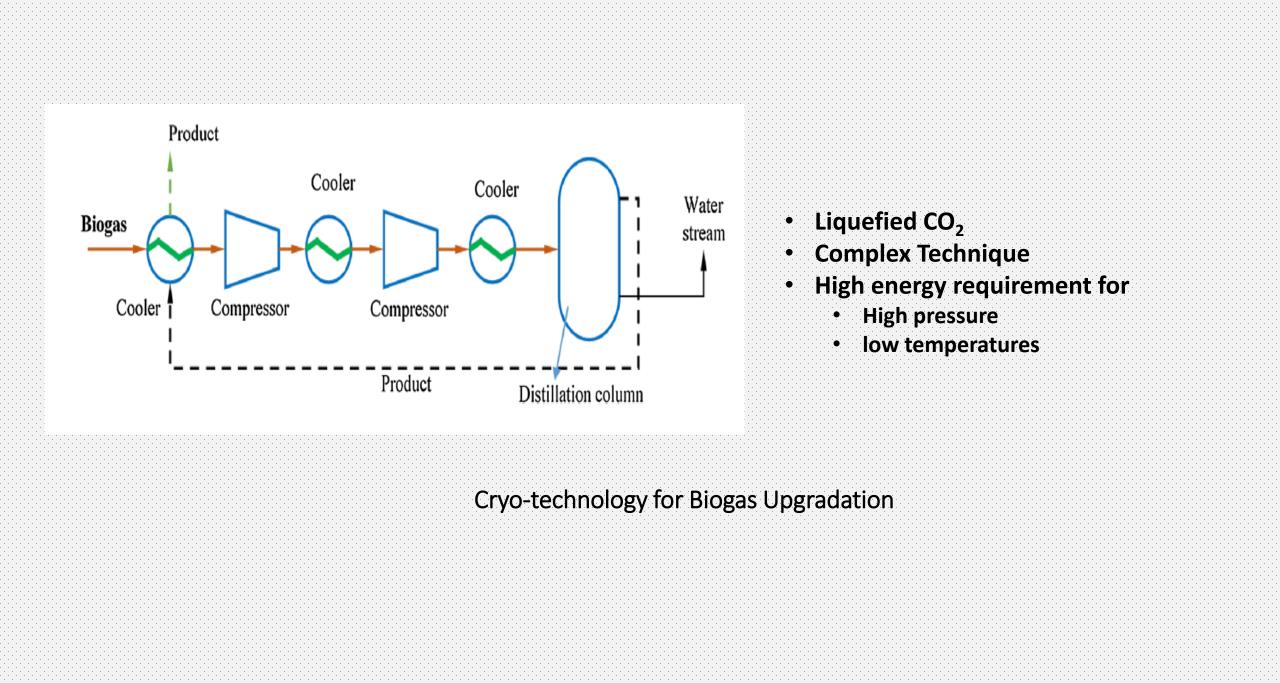


- Low investment and operational cost
- Low methane slip 98% with multi stage systems
- Compact
- Simple on/off Simple on/off
- Best for low and Medium

Flows

#### Membrane Cascade Separation System For Biogas Upgradation

i) General Design, Ii) Single Stage Configuration, Iii) Two-stage Configuration With A Recirculation Loop, Iv) Two-stage Configuration With Sweep And V) Three-stage Configuration With Sweep



## Summary of Biogas Upgrading Technologies

Water scrubbing technology is one of the most widely implemented and mature technology with over 41% plants out of 503 biogas upgrading plants installed worldwide (IEA, 2017).

- Based on physical absorption of gases in water- no chemical reaction involved.
- No pre-cleaning of H<sub>2</sub>S required, since solubility of H<sub>2</sub>S is higher than CO<sub>2</sub>, it will also get dissolved in water at high pressures.
- Water is used as a solvent cheap, easily and abundantly available.
- Regeneration of water is simple release of pressure.
- No heat requirement during absorption or regeneration process.
- No complicated and complex equipment required.
- Easy operation and maintenance.
- No use of chemicals.
- Cheap, Investment cost is less.

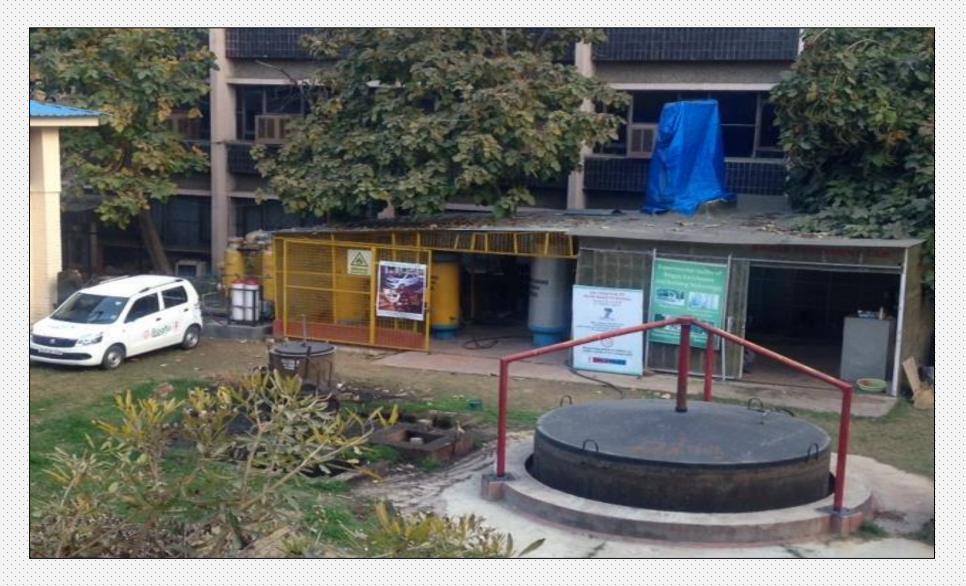
# State of the Art

# Water Scrubbing based BioCH<sub>4</sub> and BioCO<sub>2</sub> Production Technology Developed at IIT Delhi, India

Awarded: Patent No. 284588 is granted on 27/06/2017 for "A Device and a Process for Conversion of Biogas to a Fuel Gas with enhanced Thermal Efficiency. V.K.Vijay, P.M.V. Subbarao, R.R. Gaur and S.S. Kapdi. Patent Application No. 161/DEL/2006 dated 20.1.2006

#### **Applied:**

V .K. Vijay, Rimika Kapoor, P.M.V. Subbarao, "A System for Biomethane and Bio Carbon Dioxide Production from Biogas and a Method Thereof". (Indian) – Patent Application No.: 201811018965, Dated: May 21, 2018.



Water Scrubbing based BioCH<sub>4</sub> and BioCO<sub>2</sub> Production System at IIT Delhi



	WS1 (BioCH4 Production)	WS2 (BioCO2 Production)		
Capacity Gas Flow Rate	10Nm³/h	5 Nm³/h		
Quality of Gas Obtained	95% BioCH4	99.9% BioCO2		
Recovery of Gas	91%	88.5%		

### Upgraded Biogas Dispensing System at IIT Delhi

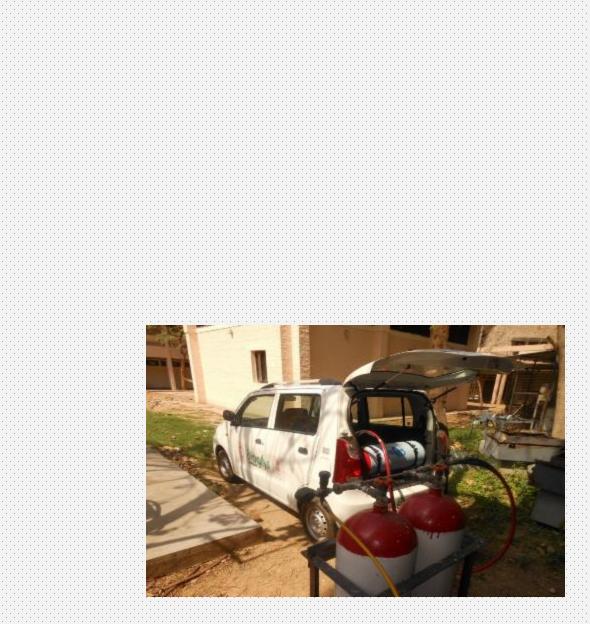


High Pressure Compressor

Two cylinder cascade for bottling of upgraded biogas

Dispensing Nozzle -NZ type

# BioCH<sub>4</sub> Application as Vehicular Fuel





### BioCO<sub>2</sub> Application

- Algae Cultivation
- Grain Fumigation
- Greenhouses
- Chemical Manufacturing







# Mobile Biogas Upgradation System developed at IIT Delhi



